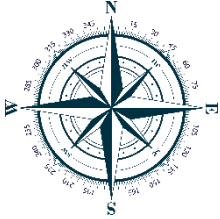
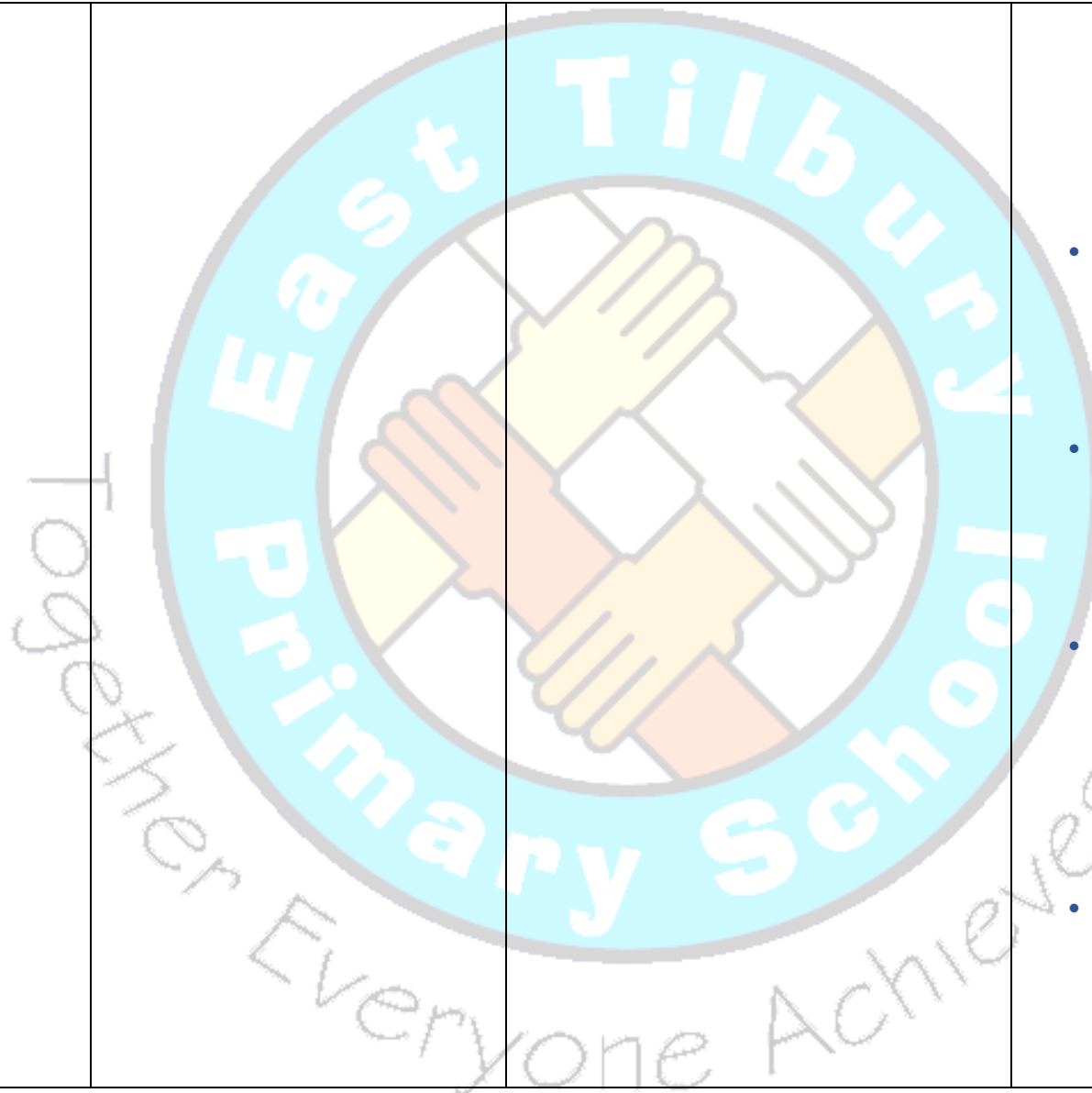


East Tilbury Primary School's Geography Curriculum Map

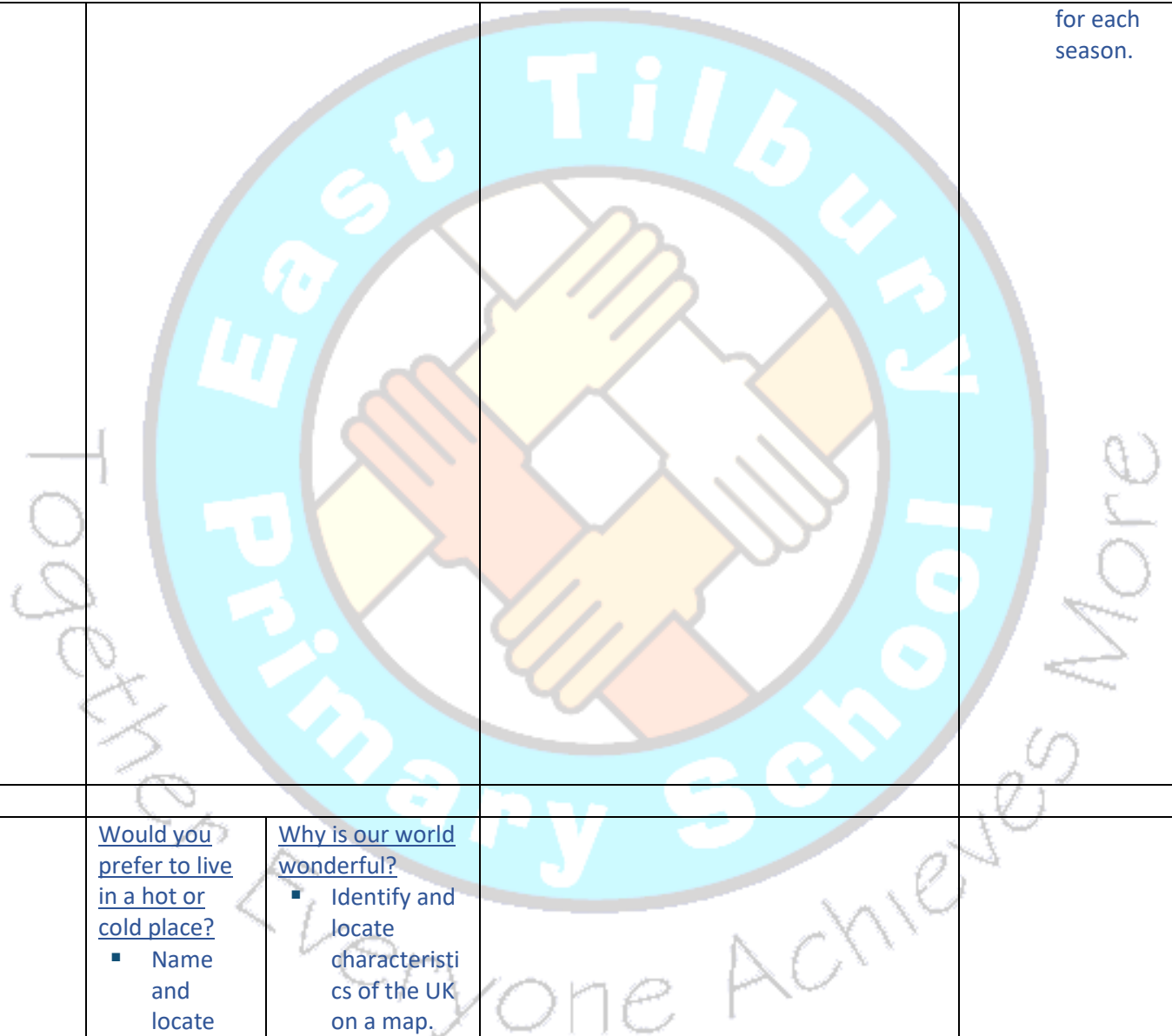
Year 1	HT1	HT2	HT3	HT4	HT5	HT6
			<p><u>What is it like here?</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Locate three features on an aerial photograph of the school and know the name of the country and village, town or city in which they live. • Make a map of the classroom with four key features, using objects to represent the distance and direction of features in the classroom. • Recognise four features in the school grounds using a map. • Explain how they feel about three areas of the playground and find out how others feel by looking at the results of a survey. • Draw a design to improve three areas of the playground using the results from the survey. 		<p><u>What is the weather like here?</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name and locate the four countries on a map of the UK. • Identify the country they live in. • Identify the four seasons. • Describe some seasonal changes. • Identify the four compass directions. • Use the compass 	<p><u>What is it like to be by the coast?</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name and locate the seas and oceans surrounding the UK in an atlas. • Label these on a map of the UK. • Describe the location of the seas and oceans surrounding the UK using compass points. • Define what the coast is.



directions to describe the location of features.

- Observe and describe daily weather patterns.
- Begin to locate the four capital cities of the UK.
- Explain what the weather is like during each season in the UK.
- Suggest appropriate clothing and activities

- Locate coasts in the UK.
- Name some of the physical features of coasts.
- Explain the location of UK coasts using the four compass directions.
- Name features of coasts and label these on a photograph.
- Identify human features in a coastal town.
- Describe how people



			for each season.	<p>use the coast.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow a prepared route on a map. • Identify human features on the local coast. • Record data using a tally chart. • Represent data in a pictogram. • Describe how the local coast has been used.
Year 2	<p><u>Would you prefer to live in a hot or cold place?</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Name and locate 	<p><u>Why is our world wonderful?</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Identify and locate characteristics of the UK on a map. 		

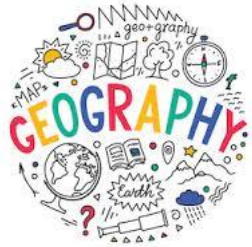


- the seven continents on a world map.
 - Locate the North and the South Poles on a world map.
 - Locate the Equator on a world map.
 - Describe some similarities and differences between the UK and Kenya.
 - Investigate the weather, writing about it
- Identify human and physical features.
 - Locate human and physical features on a world map.
 - Explain the difference between oceans and seas.
 - Name and locate the five oceans on a world map.
 - Use an aerial photograph to draw a simple sketch map.
 - Collect data by sketching findings on a map and completing a tally chart.
 - Present their findings in a bar chart.



	<p>using key vocabulary and explaining whether they live in a hot or cold place.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Recognise the features of hot and cold places.▪ Locate some countries with hot or cold climates on a world map.		
Year 3			






Where does our food come from?

- Identify that different foods grow in different biomes and say why.
- Explain which food has the most significant negative impact on the environment.
- Consider a change people can make to reduce the negative impact of food production.
- Describe the intentions around trading responsibly.
- Explain that food imports can be both helpful and harmful.
- Describe the journey of a cocoa bean.
- Locate countries on a blank world map using an atlas.
- Use a scale bar correctly to measure approximate distances.
- Collect data through an interview process.
- Analyse interview responses to answer an enquiry question.
- Discuss any trends in data collected.

Why is the rainforest important to us?

- Describe a biome and give an example.
- State the location and some key features of the Amazon rainforest.
- Name and describe the four layers of tropical rainforests.
- Understand that trees and plants adapt to living in the rainforest and give an example.
- Define the word indigenous and give an example of how indigenous peoples use the Amazon's resources.
- Name one way in which the Amazon is changing.
- Articulate why the Amazon rainforest is important.
- Give an example of how humans are having a negative impact on the Amazon and an action that can be taken to help.
- Use a variety of data collection methods with support.
- Summarise how the local woodland is used and suggest changes to improve the area.

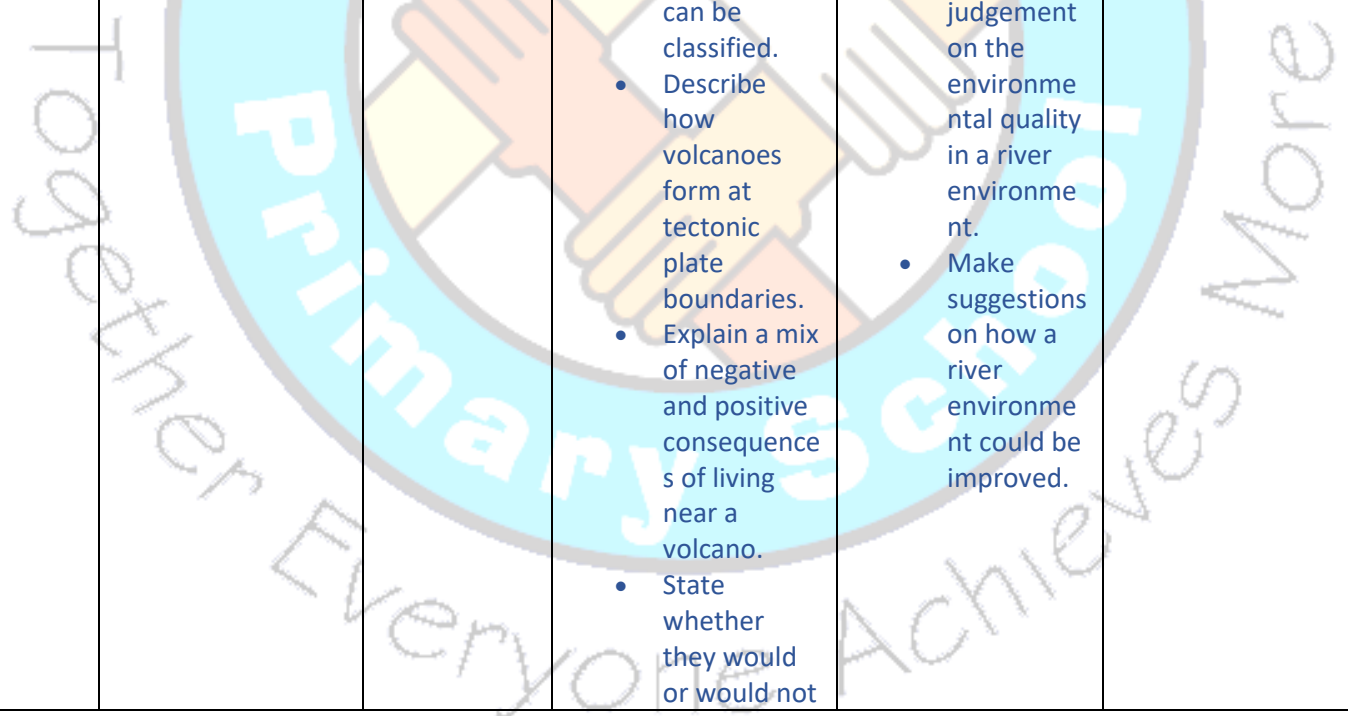
Year 4				
	<p><u>Are all settlements the same?</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Locate some cities in the UK. • Describe the difference between villages, towns and cities. • Identify features on an OS map using the legend. • Describe the different types of land use. • Follow a route on an OS map. • Discuss reasons for the location of human and physical features. • Locate some geographical regions in the UK. • Identify and begin to offer explanations about changes to features in the local area. • Describe the location of New Delhi. 		<p><u>Why do people live near volcanoes?</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name all four layers of the Earth in the correct order, stating one fact about each layer. • Explain one or more ways a mountain can be formed. • Give a correct example of a mountain range and its continent. • Describe a tectonic plate and know that mountains occur along plate boundaries. 	<p><u>What are rivers and how are they used?</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify water stores and processes in the water cycle. • Describe the three courses of a river. • Name the physical features of a river. • Name some major rivers and their location. • Describe different ways a river is used. • List some of the problems

- Identify some human and physical features in New Delhi.
- State some similarities and differences between land use and features in New Delhi and the local area.

- Correctly label the features of shield and composite volcanoes and explain how they form.
- Name three ways in which volcanoes can be classified.
- Describe how volcanoes form at tectonic plate boundaries.
- Explain a mix of negative and positive consequences of living near a volcano.
- State whether they would or would not

around rivers.

- Describe human and physical features around a river.
- Identify the location of a river on an OS map.
- Make a judgement on the environmental quality in a river environment.
- Make suggestions on how a river environment could be improved.



want to live near a volcano.


- State that an earthquake is caused when two plate boundaries move and shake the ground.
- Explain that earthquakes happen along plate boundaries.
- List some negative effects that an earthquake can have on a community.
- Observe, digitally record and map different rocks using a symbol on a map.

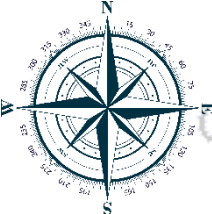
Together

East
Primary

Trust
School

Achieves More

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify rock types and their origins based on collected data. 	
Year 5				
	<p><u>Why do oceans matter?</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe the water cycle. Describe how the ocean is used for human activity. Explain how the ocean helps to regulate the Earth's climate and temperature. Identify the Great Barrier Reef as part of Australia. Describe the benefits of the Great Barrier reef. Describe how humans impact the oceans and the consequences of this. Explain some actions that can be taken to help support healthy oceans. Explain which data collection method would be best for marine fieldwork and why. 		<p><u>Would you like to live in the desert?</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify the lines of latitude where hot desert biomes are located. Describe the characteristics of a hot desert biome. Locate the largest deserts in each continent. Describe ways the Mojave Desert is used. Name and describe the physical features found in a desert. Identify how humans use the desert. Explain how human activity may contribute to the changing climate and landscape of a desert. Recognise that the Mojave Desert has a different time zone to the UK. Describe some of the threats to deserts. 	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collect data using a tally chart, photographs and a sketch map. • Safely navigate the fieldwork environment. • Make suggestions for how to improve a marine environment. • Present data using a tally chart and pie chart. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Give the benefits and drawbacks of living in a desert environment. • Identify characteristics of two contrasting biomes and compare land use. • Discussing if a desert environment is hospitable and why.
Year 6			
	<p><u>Why does population change?</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify the most densely and sparsely populated areas. • Describe the increase in global population over time. • Begin to describe what might influence the environments people live in. • Define birth and death rates, suggesting what may influence them. • Define migration, discussing push and pull factors. • Explain why some people have no choice but to leave their homes. 		<p><u>Where does our energy come from?</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe the significance of energy. • Give examples of sources of energy and their trading routes. • Define renewable and non-renewable energy. • Discuss the benefits and drawbacks of different energy sources. • Describe the significance of the Prime Meridian. • Identify human features on a digital map. • Discuss how transport links have changed over time. • Locate UK cities on a map. • Use six-figure grid references to identify features on an OS map.

- Describe the causes of climate change, explaining its impact on the global population.
- Suggest an action they can take to fight climate change.
- Calculate the length of a route to scale.
- Follow a selected route on an OS map.
- Use a variety of data collection methods, including using a Likert scale.
- Collect information from a member of the public.
- Create a digital map to plot and compare data collected from two locations.
- Suggest an idea to improve the environment.

- Consider and justify the location of energy sources.
- Design and use interview questions.
- Plot points on a sketch map.

