

Knowledge Progression Document for KS2 French -

Year 3 (KS2)

Procedural Knowledge (knowing how):

- Introduction to basic French pronunciation through phonetic exercises.
- Greetings and introductory conversational skills like "Hello," "Goodbye," and "How are you?"
- Learning and practicing simple classroom commands in French.

Declarative Knowledge (knowing that):

- Basic French vocabulary: greetings, numbers (1-20), colours, days of the week, and common classroom phrases.
- Introduction to French-speaking countries, with a focus on France.
- Basic understanding of French culture, including typical school activities and meals.

Knowledge Progression Document for KS2 French -

Year 4 (KS2)

Procedural Knowledge (knowing how):

- Developing pronunciation skills with more complex sounds.
- Engaging in conversations about hobbies, family, and personal interests.
- Introduction to basic letter writing and forming short sentences in French.

Declarative Knowledge (knowing that):

- Expanded vocabulary: family members, hobbies, likes and dislikes, sports, and leisure activities.
- Geography: Identification of more French-speaking countries and their capitals.
- Exploration of French literature for children with readings of simple stories and poems.

What skills and knowledge do our KS1 children take into the French curriculum?

To prepare children in KS2 for their French curriculum we lay the groundwork for teaching and learning in KS1. Children in years 1 and 2 will be exposed to basic French including simple number work and daily greetings. This may be completed through daily routines e.g. during registration.

Implementation

At East Tilbury Primary School our chosen language of study is French. Each class in Key Stage Two has a 30-minute French lesson each week. Children will have the opportunity to develop their French language skills as well as learn about French culture and traditions. To support our French curriculum, we use Rigolo and Rigolo 2 which are interactive whiteboard resources that engage pupils and make learning French accessible and fun.

We also aim to use daily incidental French so that throughout the day children hear and use French around the school.

Learning to be a French speaker at East Tilbury Primary

Intent

At East Tilbury Primary School, our intent is to deliver a captivating French curriculum that aligns with the national curriculum. We are committed to fostering a love for language and culture, instilling in our pupils not just the ability to speak French, but a deep appreciation for its rich heritage. Through engaging lessons, interactive activities, and cultural experiences, we aim to ignite curiosity and inspire pupils to explore the French speaking world. Our intent is to nurture confident, culturally aware individuals who are well-prepared to communicate in French and embrace the global community with enthusiasm and open-mindedness.



Knowledge Progression Document for KS2 French –

Year 5 (KS2)

Procedural Knowledge (knowing how):

- Enhanced speaking and listening skills for more detailed conversations and discussions.
- Reading and understanding simple texts in French, such as short stories and informational texts.
- Basic narrative writing skills for describing personal experiences and activities.

Declarative Knowledge (knowing that):

- Vocabulary expansion: school subjects, weather, food and drink, clothing, and daily routines.
- Geography and culture: Introduction to famous French landmarks, holidays (e.g., Bastille Day), and festivals.
- An overview of French history and society, including key historical figures and events.

Year 6 (KS2)

Procedural Knowledge (knowing how):

- Advanced speaking and listening skills, enabling students to engage in more in-depth conversations and debates.
- Reading and comprehending more complex texts in French, such as longer stories and newspaper articles.
- Intermediate-level writing skills for composing essays and narratives on various topics.

Declarative Knowledge (knowing that):

- Advanced vocabulary: travel and transportation, giving and following directions, technology and gadgets.
- Deepening knowledge of French culture, including famous French artists, writers, and philosophers.
- Exploration of French cuisine, dining etiquette, and cooking terms.



Vocabulary Progression Document: French - Key Stage 2 (KS2)

Year 3 (KS2)

Greetings and Politeness:

- Bonjour (Hello) - Bonsoir (Good evening) - Bonne nuit (Good night) - Salut (Hi)
- S'il vous plaît (Please) - Merci (Thank you) - De rien (You're welcome) - Excusez-moi (Excuse me)

Numbers and Basic Math:

- Numbers 1-20 - Les chiffres (Numbers) - Plus (Plus) - Moins (Minus) - Égal (Equal)
- Combien? (How many?) - L'argent (Money)

Days, Months, and Time:

- Les jours de la semaine (Days of the week) - Les mois de l'année (Months of the year)
- Aujourd'hui (Today) - Hier (Yesterday) - Demain (Tomorrow)
- L'heure (Time) - Quelle heure est-il? (What time is it?)

Year 4 (KS2)

Family and Relationships:

- La famille (Family) - Mère (Mother) - Père (Father) - Frère (Brother)
- Sœur (Sister) - Grand-mère (Grandmother) - Grand-père (Grandfather)
- Cousin(e) (Cousin) - Ami(e) (Friend)

Hobbies and Leisure:

- Les loisirs (Leisure activities) - Le sport (Sports) - La musique (Music)
- La danse (Dance) - La lecture (Reading) - Le dessin (Drawing)
- Jouer (To play) - Regarder la télévision (To watch TV)

Year 5 (KS2)

School and Education:

- L'école (School) - Le professeur (Teacher) - La classe (Classroom)
- Les matières (School subjects) - Les devoirs (Homework) - Apprendre (To learn)
- Étudier (To study)

Food and Dining:

- La nourriture (Food) - Le petit-déjeuner (Breakfast) - Le déjeuner (Lunch)
- Le dîner (Dinner) - La boisson (Drink) - Le restaurant (Restaurant)
- La carte (Menu) - Commander (To order) - Manger (To eat)

Year 6 (KS2)

Travel and Directions:

- Voyager (Travel) - La gare (Train station) - L'aéroport (Airport) - La rue (Street)
- Tourner à gauche (Turn left) - Tourner à droite (Turn right) - Tout droit (Straight ahead)
- Loin (Far) - Près (Near)

Technology and Communication:

- L'ordinateur (Computer) - Le téléphone (Telephone) - L'internet (Internet)
- L'email (Email) - Le message (Message) - Téléphoner (To call)
- Envoyer (To send) - Répondre (To answer)

Cultural and Historical Terms:

- L'art (Art) - La musique classique (Classical music) - La Révolution française (French Revolution) - Les châteaux (Castles) - La mode (Fashion)
- La cuisine française (French cuisine) - Les fêtes (Festivals)

Resources to use:

Rigolo and Rigolo 2 application
Current planning resources

